

Wrinkles and stretching of the upholstery material

Upholstered furniture might get wrinkles and waves in the cover material. This comes from the fabric or leather's movement, from stretching of material and with combination that cushions padding forms a bit while using. Stretching and wrinkling does not shorten the life of the sofa and wrinkles can usually be smoothen out by hand. In some models, you can turn around the cushions and in this way the effect can be evened out. This can not be done with the models which have fixed seat or back upholstery. The magnitude of wrinkles is usually in relation to the size. Larger surfaces are easier to get wrinkles and stretching than smaller surfaces. Wrinkles also arise more on the smooth large surfaces than bulging smaller surfaces.

As a limit value that can be seen as normal and acceptable is following: A normal wide seat (55-65cm) enables smoothening easily by hand when it does not have waves that exceed 2cm height. A wider seats (90-100cm) which can be smoothen by hand should not get a waves that exceed 4cm height.

Sofas vary in design and materials, which may give grounds for greater scales than those described above (eg sofas with down padding have by its nature loose surface).

Generally, if the wrinkles arising in normal use and whether they can be smoothed out by hand, this should not be seen as a production or material fault.

All upholstered furniture characterized by a specific stretching and elongation of upholstery materials. This is a general property and should not be seen as a defect in the product.



Smoothing of wrinkles

Wrinkles can be smoothed by hand when it is necessary.



Smoothing can be done by pressing with the hands toward the material. Then smoothen the wrinkles from the center to outwards.